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Therapeutic approach towards Amlapitta in Bhaishajya Ratnavali

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ABSTRACT: -

Modern day lifestyle is associated with many health-related issues and *Amlapitta* is one of them. *Amlapitta* is a disease caused due to imbalance of *Pitta Dosha* which needs attention in early stage to prevent further complications. Ayurveda has been successfully treating this condition since thousands of years. *Bhaishajya Ratnavali* is one of the texts of Ayurveda which prescribes medications for various diseases. *Amlapitta* has been described in a separate chapter in *Bhaishajya Ratnavali*. It consists both herbal and herbo-mineral formulations for its treatment. This article reviews the treatment of *Amlapitta* as mentioned in *Bhaishajya Ratnavali* and attempts to explain the probable mode of action of the formulations.

Keywords: Amlapitta, Ayurveda, Dosha



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INTRODUCTION

Improper and erroneous food practices cause Annavaha Strotas Dushti, which leads to a variety of illnesses, including Amlapitta. Amlapitta occurs when Pitta, which has accumulated due to Swahetu (internal reasons), is further increased by an excessive intake of hot and defective foods, with a predominance of sourness. Excessive intake of spicy, sour and salty foods, carbonated drinks, contaminated food and antagonistic food items are some of the responsible factors for Amlapitta.

In *Amlapitta*, whatever food is ingested in the body becomes *Vidagdha*. This is due to weakened digestive fire. Further, vitiated Pitta mixes with the undigested and fermented food. This is when the *Amlapitta* starts showing its cardinal symptoms. If not treated early in this stage, it leads to further stages and may cause complications.

Bhaishajya Ratnavali is a famous treatise of *Acharya* Govind das Sen. It was composed in 19th century AD and is divided into 106 chapters. It is the most often used collection among Ayurvedic medicine practitioners and manufacturers. Each chapter provides a chronology of several types of Ayurvedic dosage forms used to treat a certain disease, as well as a description of *Pathya-Apathya* at the end.

MATERIAL AND METHODS

Bhaishajya Ratnavali was thoroughly reviewed for this article. Many journal articles and books were also referred.

Treatment Protocol mentioned in *Bhaishajya Ratnavali*

Two types of treatments are mentioned in *Bhaishajya Ratnavali* -

2. Shamana

1. Shodhana

Vamana Karma is the initial line of treatment in *Amlapitta*, and after *Vamana* is completed properly, *Mridu Virechana* (mild purgation) should be performed. Then, after proper *Snehna*, *Anuvasna Vasti* should be given.

- In *Kapha* predominant *Urdhava Amlapitta*, *Vamana* Should be given with *Patola*, *Nimba* and *Madanphala Kwatha* with *Madhu* (Honey) and *Saindhava Lavana* (Rock Salt).
- In Pitta predominant Adhogata Amlapitta,
 Amla Swarasa or Kwatha with Madhu & Nishottara (Operculina turpenthum) should be used for Virechana Karma.

2. Shamana

After *Shodhana*, *Shamana Chikista* is very crucial for balancing of remaining *Dosha*.

- Shunthi & Patola Patra Kwatha with honey.
- Patola, Shunthi & Dhanyaka Kwatha.
- *Pippali, Yava & Patola patra* with honey.
- Formulations mentioned in *Raktapitta* should also be used in case of *Amlapitta* like *Vasa Ghrita*, *Tikta Ghrita*, *Pippali Ghrita*, *Khandamala Rasayana*, *Vajikaraka Gudakusmandaka* and *Parinamshulahara Yoga* are also beneficial in curing *Amlapitta*.

1. Shodhana

Formulations mentioned for Amlapitta in Bhaishjya Ratnavali

1. Herbal Formulations

Table no. 1: Herbal formulations mentioned in Amlapitta (B.R)^[1]:

S.no.	Churna	Kwatha, Modaka, Avaleha	Khanda	Ghrita	Taila
1.	Panchnimbadi churna	Vasadi Dasanga Kwatha	Shunthi Khanda	Jeerakadyam Ghrita	Shri Bilva Taila
2.	Avipatikara Churna	Sobhagya Shunthi Modaka	Pippali Khanda	Shatavari Ghrita	-
3.	·	Khanda Kusmandko Avaleha	-	Narayana Ghrita	-
4.	· E /	-	-	Pippali Ghrita	-
5.		-		Pat <mark>ola Shu</mark> nthi Ghrita	-
6.		-	4	Drakshadya Ghrita	-

2. Herbo-mineral formulations

Table no.2: Hero-mineral formulations mentioned in Amlapitta (B.R)

S.no.	Loha	Vati	Mandura	Modaka
1.	Amlapittantko Loha	Bhaskaramritabhrkam	Triphala Mandura	Amlapittantka Modaka
2.	Amlapittantko Loha Dwitiya	Paniyabhakt Vatika	Sita Mandura	-
3.	Sarvatobhadra Loha	Paniyabhakt Gudika	-	-
4.	-	Panchanan Gudika	-	-
5.	-	Kshudhavati Gudika	-	-

Pathya- Apathya

Table no. 3: Pathya – Apathya mentioned in Amlapitta (B.R.)^[2]

Pathya	Apathya		
Purana Shali	Naveena Anna		
Purana Godhuma	Viruddhashana		
Purana Yava	Pitta Prakopaka Bhojana		
Purana Mudga	Vamana Vega Dharna		
Jangala Mamsarasa	Tail Bhakshan		
Taptasheeta Jala	Guru Padarth		
Sharkara	Lavana, Amla & Katu Rasa Pradhan Dravya Sevana		
Madhu	Tila		
Saktu	Kulathi		
Karkotaka	Urad		
Karavellaka	Avi Dugdha		
Patola	Dahi		
Hilamochika	Madya		
Vetragra			
Pakwa Kushmand <mark>a</mark>			
Rambhapushpa	- 7 5		
Vastuka			
Kapittha			
Dadima			
Amla	-		
Tikta Rasa Pradhana Dravya	-		
Kapha & Pitta Nashaka Peya & Khadya Padartha	-		

DISCUSSION

Acharva Govinda das Sen has mentioned Shodhana Chikitsa for Amlapitta in the first place. Samshodhana Karma removes the vitiated Dosha from their origin, curing the condition completely and reducing the chances of recurrence. As mentioned by Acharya Amlapitta is generated from Kashyapa, eliminates Amashaya. Vamana Dosha accumulated in Amashaya as it provides them the nearest route to escape the body. Even after Vamana, some amount of vitiated Dosha might still be left in the body in the GI tract especially intestines. This can be removed with help of The Virechana. Shodhana procedures mentioned above have tendency to increases *Vata*. Thus, these procedures are followed by Anuvasana Basti

Some of the herbs which are most frequently mentioned in various Amlapittanashaka Yoga include Patola, Shunthi, Vasa, Nimba and Guduchi. Patola (Trichosanthes dioica) leaves possess *Pittahara* property as mentioned in Bhava Prakasha.^[3] It also digests Ama with its Tikta Rasa and Ushna Virya. Shunthi (Zinziber officinale), also known as Vishwabheshaja, works on Amlapitta balancing the weakened digestive fire due to its Ushna Virya and Deepana property. Vasa (Adhatoda vasica) has Tikta-Kashaya Rasa which acts against both Ama and Pitta. Nimba (Azadirachta indica) reduces increased Drava Guna of Pitta with its Tikta Rasa and is one of the best herbs indicated Amlapitta.^[4] Urdhwaga Guduchi for (Tinospora cordifolia) decreases Amlata in the Amashaya and is known for its Amapachaka property.^[5]

Herbal formulations mentioned in *Bhaishajya Ratnavali* against *Amlapitta* are in different dosage forms such as *Churna*, *Kwatha*, *Modaka*, *Avaleha*, *Khanda*, *Ghrita*, *Taila* etc. Along with herbal formulations, there is also an inclusion of herbo-mineral drugs in dosage forms like *Loha*, *Vati*, *Mandura* and *Modaka*.

A number of clinical trials have been conducted to validate the efficacy of above-mentioned formulations in *Amlapitta*. A clinical study on 10 patients of *Amlapitta* who were intervened with *Avipattikar Churna* 3g BD for 21 days with water showed significant improvement in 7 patients and moderate improvement in 3 patients.^[6] A study has shown efficacy of *Jeerakadya Ghrita* on *Amlapitta* when used for *Snehapana* before *Virechana Karma*.

Most of the *Rasaushadi* mentioned for *Amlapitta* are not commonly available in the market. There is no considerable amount of research data available for their safety and efficacy. Elaborative studies on these formulations can be a great contribution for the Ayurveda society.

CONCLUSION

In *Bhaishjya Ratnavali*, *Amlapitta* treatment protocol is explained in detail. *Acharya* Govinda das Sen has mentioned about two types of *chikista* (*Shodhana & Shamana*) as well as *Pathya* and *Apathya*. In *Shamana Chikista*, *Acharya* has explained herbal as well as herbo-mineral formulations. While doing *Samprapti Vighatana*, *Ama Pachana*, *Tikta*, *Sheeta*, *Ruksha* drugs were mentioned which are *Pitta Shamaka* and ultimately help in curing *Amlapitta*.^[7]

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