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Clinical indications of *Chandanasava* an experiential and scientific view

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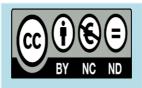
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## ABSTRACT

Herbal and Herbo-mineral formulations are popularly practiced by Ayurveda physicians in modern India. Formulations like *Dashamoolarishta*, *Pushkaramoolasava*, *Sarivadyasava*, *Maharasnadi kwatha*, are few *Asava- arishta* (Medicated Fermented products) preparations used in the management of various disorders. *Asava- arishta* (Medicated Fermented products) formulations contain 9 – 10 % of self generated alcohol which will help in extracting the alcohol soluble ingredients as well as help in preservation of active principles for a longer time. *Chandanasava* is one such preparation which is used in the treatment of urinary disorders and diseases of the skin. It is given in *Mootra kricchra* (Dysuria), *Mootraghata* (Benign Prostatic Hyperplasia), burning micturition, dysuria, Gonorrhea, scabies, Eczema, furunculosis, etc. It is having actions like *Dipana* (Appetizer), *Pachana* (Digestive), *Rakta shodhaka* (Blood purifier), *Kushthghna, Krimighna* (Anthelmintic), *Raktaprasadana* (Blood purifier) and *Rasayana* (Rejuvenation) actions.The present paper highlights about the clinical indications of *Chandanasava* in an experiential and scientific view.

Key words: Chandanasava, Ayurveda, Raktashodhaka, Rasayana



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### **INTRODUCTION**

Asavarishta preparations (Fermented products) are commonly used by Ayurveda physicians. The formulations are *Dipana* (Appetizer), *Pachana* (Digestive) and *Rasayana* (Rejuvenation) in action. and because of its alcohol content it can be preserved for longer time. *Chandanasava* is a formulation which has *Sheeta virya* or cold potency. It acts as urinary antiseptic and blood purifier also. It is commonly in skin disorders and urinary diseases. *Chandanasava* fights off a wide range of microbes, so it gives relief from urinary tract infections and its Lithotriptic property helps to dissolve the stones. However, the effects are mild, but along with other medicines, it gives good results in its indicated diseases.

## **MATERIALS AND METHODS**

This article is based on personal experiences and textual review. Material related to *Asav* and its indications, properties were collected. All the *Brihatrayi, laghutrayi* and available commentaries of those have been reviewed. Modern texts and various websites to collect information on the relevant topics were referred.

S.No.	Plant	Botanical name	Part used
1	Chandana	Santalum album	Wood
2	Hribera	Plectranthus vettiveroides	Root
3	Musta	Cyperus rotundus	Tuber
4	Kashmari	Gmelina arborea	Wood
5	Indivara	Monochoria vaginalis	Tuber
6	Priyangu 🛛	Callicarpa macrophylla	Flower
7	Padmaka	Prunus cerasoides	Wood
8	Lodhra	Symplocos cochinchinens	Bark
9	Manjistha	Rubia cordifolia	Tuber
10	Rakta chandana	Pterocarpus santalinus	Wood
11	Patha	Cyclea peltata	Tuber
12	Bhuni <mark>mba</mark>	Andrographis paniculata	Whole plant
13	Vata	Ficus benghalensis	Bark
14	Ashwattha	Ficus religiosa	Bark
15	Shati	Kaempferia galanga	Tuber
16	Parpata	Hedyotis corymbosa	Whole plant
17	Madhuka	Glycyrrhiza glabra	Rhizome
18	Rasna	Alpinia galanga	Tuber
19	Patola	Trichosanthes lobata	Stem
20	Kanchanara	Bauhinia variegata	Bark
21	Amra	Mangifera indica	Bark
22	Mocharasa	Bombax ceiba	Gum
23	Mridvika	Vitis vinifera	Fruit

#### Table 1 Shows Ingredients of CHANDANASAVA

24	Guda	Jaggery	-
25	Dhataki	Woodfordia fruticosa	Flower
26	-	Sugar	-
27	-	Water	-

### Actions of *Chandanasava*.<sup>[1][2]</sup>

Dipana (Appetizer), Pachana (Digestive), Rakta shodhaka (Blood purifier), Rasayana (Rejuvenation), Pittahara, Urinary antiseptic, Antiinfective Bactericidal, Antibacterial, Antistress, Apoptogenic, Immunomodulator, Pittahara, Pooyahara (Drainage of pus), Anti-inflammatory, Dahahara (pacifying burning sensation), Pakahara, Ropana (wound healing) Ulcer-healer, Jwarahara (anti-febrile).

#### Clinical indications <sup>[3][4]</sup>

Mootra kricchra (Dysuria), Mootraghata (BPH), Vicharchika (Eczema), Furunculosis ,Eczema Urticaria , Padadari (cracked feet), Paronychia, Scabies Pityriasis versicolor Taenia capitis, Taenia corporis, Taenia cruris, Molluscum contagiosum, Varicose ulcer, Chronic non healing ulcer, Measles, Chicken pox, UTI, Chronic pyelonephritis, *Mootradaha* (Burning micturition), Yonikandu (Itching vulva), Napkin rash, Vatarakta (Gout), Atisweda (Excessive sweating), Pittaja bhrama (Confusion).

## Amayika prayoga (Internal Administration)<sup>[3][4]</sup> Mootra kricchra (Dysuria) - It is given with Chandraprabha vati, Gandhaka rasayana and narikela jala.

Mootraghata (BPH) - It is given with Chandraprabha vati and pashana bhedadi choorna. Vicharchika (Eczema) - It is given with Sarivadyasava, Laghusootha sekhara vati and arogyavardhini vati.

**Furunculosis** - It is given *with Arogyavardhini vati* and *Gandhaka rasayana*.

**Eczema** - It is given with *Mahamanjishtadi* kashaya, Arogyavardhini vati internally and nalpamaradi oil external application.

**Urticaria** - It is given with *Laghu sootha shekhara vati*.

*Padadari* (cracked feet), - It is given with *Gandhaka rasayana* and Vaseline for external application.

**Paronychia** – It is given with *Gandhaka rasayana* and *Gandhakarpoora* malahara external application.

Scabies – It is given with *Sarivadyasava*, *Gandhaka rasayana* and external application of *Gandhakadya malahara*.

**Pityriasis versicolor** - It is given with *Arogyavardhini vati* and salicylic acid ointment externally.

**Taenia capitis** – It is given with *Gandhaka rasayana* and local application of *Tankana bhasma*.

Taenia corporis- It is given withArogyavardhini vati and application of Tankanabhasma externally.

**Taenia cruris** - It is g given with Arogyavardhini *vati, Gandhaka rasayana* and external application of salicylic acid ointment.

**Molluscum contagiosum** - It is given with *Madhusnuhi rasayana* and *Rasamanikya*.

**Varicose ulcer in the leg** – It is given with *Asanadi kwatha , Shilajatwadi loha, Shiva gutika* and application of *Tankana sindoora* externally.

**Chronic non healing ulcer** – It is given with *Chandraprabha vati, Mahamanjishtadi kashaya* , and *Pravala panchamrita rasa*. Measles – It is given with *Mrityunjaya rasa*.

**Chicken pox** – It is given with *Tribhuvana kirti* rasa.

**UTI** – It is given with *Gandhaka rasayana* and *Chandraprabha vati*.

**Chronic pyelonephritis** – It is given with *Chandanadi loha*, *Chandraprabha vati*, *Gandhaka rasayana* and *Sarivadyasava*. *Mootradaha* (Burning micturition) – It is

#### **Review Article.**

given with *Gandhaka rasayana* and *Chandraprabha vati*.

*Yonikandu* (Itching vulva), – It is given with *Gandhaka rasayana* and external application of *Tankana bhasma*.

**Napkin rash** – It is given with *Arogyavardhini* vati, Gandhaka Rasayana.

Vatarakta (Gout) - It is given with Kaishora guggulu and Pravala panchamrita rasa.

Atisweda (Excessive sweating), – It is given with Kamadugha rasa.

*Pittaja bhrama* (Confusion) - It is given with Laghu sootha Sekhara vati and Sootha shekhara rasa.

### DISCUSSION

Asavarishta contain 9% self-generated alcohol, hence act as Dipana (Appetizer), Pachana (digestive), antistress, apoptogenic and Rasayana (Rejuvenation). Chandanasava is a Sandhana kalpa (Fermented product) which is commonly used in urinary and skin disorders.<sup>[5,6]</sup> It is indicated in diseases like UTI, Mootra kricchra (Dysuria) Mootraghata(BPH), eczyma, furunculosis, scabies, pityriasis versicolor, rhagades, paronychia and *Pittaja bhrama* conditions. It is raktashodhaka (blood purifier) in action. Hence it is used in various skin disorders. As *Chandana* is urinary antiseptic, it is commonly given in urinary disorders when there is infection. It purifies the blood and act as Raktaprasadana also. Even after prolonged administration it does not produce any serious adverse drug reactions. Usually, it is mixed with water in equal quantity before intake and is given after food.<sup>[7,8]</sup>

## CONCLUSION

Plant formulations in form of Ayurvedic

preparations play an important role in the healthcare system and immunity booster in many developing countries worldwide and are rapidly gaining popularity in many developed countries as well. Therefore, there is a need for maintaining technical standards in manufacturing and development of evaluation procedures to standardize the Ayurvedic formulations so as to enhance their acceptability worldwide. This would contribute to increased reliance and making them more competitive for global markets. *Chandanasava* is effective in urinary and skin disorders. Even after prolonged usage, it will not produce any adverse drug reactions. It is mixed with equal quantity of water before intake. It is given usually after food. When it is given with disease specific adjuvants, it gives desired effect in various disorders where it is indicated.

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